

# Vermilya/e/ea/er's...Historically Speaking

Volume IX, No. 2

April, May, June 2004

## DUTCH AND FRENCH SETTLERS IN NEW YORK

By Dyckman W. Vermilye

Riker's "History of Harlem," published in 1904, is familiar to many of those of us within the Vermilye/ya/yea/yer Family Association. His work provides a major start on the genealogies of those of us living today. Perhaps less well known is a book titled, "New Harlem Past and Present: the Story of an Amazing Civic Wrong now at Last to be Righted," by Carl Horton Pierce and published in 1903. Its thesis is that the lands originally granted to the inhabitants of New Harlem were illegally incorporated into the expanding City of New York over the years. His efforts and those of others who joined him in legal battles were unsuccessful. It is a lovely fantasy to walk that area of New York and say to one's self, "This is mine, all mine!" Best not to say it aloud!

While it was the English Puritans who settled in the Boston area and New England in the early 1600's, it was the Dutch and French settlers who moved to New York and the Hudson River area. Descriptive, alluring and encouraging written reports were sent back to Holland by men named de Rasieres and de Laet. De Rasieres had seen it himself while on Manhattan Island, and de Laet drew on Henry Hudson and other explorers' journals.

Johannes de la Montagne was one of the pioneer settlers in New York, sailing to the New World in 1636. He had been a medical student at the University of Leyden and had established a practice in that city. He arrived with his wife, Rachael de Forest, a son, Johannes, Jr., and a baby girl born at sea and named Marie after her maternal grandmother. (His parents, like many other Huguenots seeking asylum from Catholic persecution, had moved from France to England and then to Holland.)

He arrived in New Amsterdam at the tip of Manhattan 25 years after Governor Peter Minuit had purchased the island from the Indians. After sharing news of home with the colonists there, he got a dugout canoe and headed up the East River with his family and men who went as farm hands. Where the East River turns away from Manhattan Island and heads toward the Long Island Sound, a smaller stream hugs the shore and goes north. Later this stream was to be named the Harlem River. The party landed at the turn of the shore which later was named Montagne's Point. Today that is roughly at 105th Street and the river.

A creek flowed into the river here and Montagne followed it to its source at what would be 132nd Street and Eighth Avenue today. This was known as Montagne's Creek. Where it intersected with what is today 7th Avenue, Dr. Montagne started a bark cabin for his family. His brother-in-law, Henri de Forest, took up residence at Montagne's Point.

Manhattan Island's Governor at this time was named Kieft and he granted Montagne the land on which he had settled. Montagne called it "Quiet Dale." It soon became known as Montgne's Flat and encompassed about 200 acres from what is now St. Nicholas Avenue from 109th Street to 124th Street. Governor Keift's predecessor, Van Twiller, became interested in the Harlem district and settled on Ward's Island in the Harlem River. His friend, Jacobus Van Curler, preempted the flat opposite Ward's Island, known as the Otterspoor ("otter tracks"). This land was then sold to Coenraet Van Keulen from which the name "Van Keulen's Hook" is derived.

These three pieces of land formed a triangle whose southern line was 102nd Street, whose northern point touched the Harlem River at about 125th Street, and Ward's Island in the river. This became the rough outline of what was to become known as Harlem.

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## FROM THE STAFF

by Carl Vermilyea

Again, I have the sad task of reporting the passing of one of our long time members. Winona Vermilyea passed away on March 10<sup>th</sup> (her obituary is herein). She and husband Dennis, charter members of the VFA, were among the first to join our Association in 1995, and have been with us ever since. They attended the 1997 Reunion in Pennsylvania and the 1999 Reunion in Oregon. Our sincere condolences are extended to Dennis, their children, grandchildren and other immediate family members.

In the last newsletter, I mentioned that the Staff would be looking at and testing the feasibility of putting newsletters in a PDF format and e-mailing them to those who wish to receive them that way. Our testing continues. Our first attempts to convert the newsletter into a PDF format proved to be a bit of a challenge - due to our lack of experience. In short, we learned a lot. We'll continue our fine tuning before offering this alternative service.

Plans for the 2004 Reunion in Ohio are in place thanks to the great efforts of Darla Young. Several of our extended family, some VFA subscribing members and some not, have already submitted their registration fee and made lodging reservations. In this newsletter, you will again see the Reunion Invitation and a Registration Form. We are looking forward to a super event. Join us!

While on the subject of reunions, as of this date, there are no plans for the VFA to sponsor a Reunion in 2005. As in the past, we have heard that several branch families of our extended clan will be having local (geographical and/or family-wise) reunions next year. If the VFA can be of any assistance, we are ready to help - contact either me or Sandra Todd.

In this edition, we've included an article written by Dyckman Vermilye. Dyckman is the foremost expert on the early history of our family. As some of you may recall from articles he has written for us in past years, he has traveled to London, England, and Vermelles (once Vermeille), France, in pursuit of information about our ancestors. Thank you, Dyck, for submitting this very interesting article about the settlement of Harlem.

Also in this edition, Sandra Todd continues, from the last edition, a list of "unidentified" individuals and families. She and our other researchers seem to have reached a point where many of the Vermilya/e/ea/er names we are finding in censuses and other public documents are difficult to link into the family tree. Just this past week, I found a National Cemetery burial listing which included the names of about ten "V" veterans whom we've had to add to the "unidentified list" because we don't have, yet and/or for sure, the names of their parents and other ancestors. We enjoy trying to resolve these "mysteries," but do need help from all our members. One way you can help us now, and our family genealogist in the future, is to inform Sandra of any births and marriages in our clan which you know or hear about, and, of any Vermilya/e/ea/er names you come across. You never know, by doing just that, you might be providing the essential clues in solving current, or future, "mysteries."

As I write this, Sandra Todd is in Salt Lake City visiting her son and daughter-in-law and doing research at the LDS library. She has a couple more research trips planned for this summer. Linda and I will be going to Maine and while there will look for documents covering an "unidentified" Vermilye who passed away near the town of Bath. We also are planning a trip in August to Ontario, Canada, to do some research on a Vermilyea branch there. Between those trips we'll trek out to Ohio for the Reunion and en route try to get to Dresden, New York, where there is an American Legion Hall named after a Vermilyea. With a little luck, our efforts will be rewarding and we'll be able to report some progress in future newsletters.



David (#1246-I) and Susan Peterson are proud to announce the birth of their grandson Robert James (RJ) Thornburg. He was born November 1, 2003 at Wheaton, Maryland. The parents are James R. and Sonja (Peterson) Thornburg. He resides at Adelphi, Maryland with his parents.

Lynn Vermilyea (#1457) a long time member of the VFA is celebrating the birth of his first great grandchild. Madison Kate Gierke was born March 24, 2004 at Winter Park, Florida. She weighed 8 lbs. 2oz. Madison is the daughter of Nathan and Julie (Hardy) Gierke of Winter Park, Florida and the granddaughter of Walt and Debra (Vermilyea) (#1728) Hardy of Orlando, Florida.



Connor Charles MacArthur Senediak, grandson of Joanne Vermilya MacArthur, was born March 26, 2004 in Columbus, Ohio. His proud parents are Joanne's daughter Hillary and John Senediak. Though born via emergency C-section, he was and is healthy and happy at home in Marysville, Ohio.

## *In Memory*

Our sincere condolences are extended to all those who have recently lost loved ones.

**Idell V. Cussen** (#1036) Oct. 16, 1915 - Feb. 19, 2004 Idell V. Cussen passed away in Greenwood Village, Colorado on February 19, 2004. She was 88. A memorial service is planned for Friday, March 5, 11am, in the New Chapel at St. Joseph Cemetery in San Pablo. Idell was born October 16, 1915 in Climbing Hill, Iowa to Lewis and Bertha Vermilyea. She spent her childhood in Iowa, and graduated from Sloan High School in 1933 and from National Business School in 1934. On December 31, 1935 she married Daniel J. Cussen. During WWII, she and Dan moved many times during his active duty in the military. In 1954 they settle in El Cerrito, CA. Idell worked at East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD) for 23 years as a secretary until 1980. After her retirement, Idell was active in the American Legion Auxiliary. Her beloved husband Dan preceded her in death in 1992. In 1997, Idell relocated to Concord, CA. In the summer of 2003, Idell moved to Colorado to be near her nephew, Dewey Wrigley. Predeceased by her sister, Zella Smith, Idell is survived by her sisters, Keith Stolze of Bellflower, CA and Janice Wrigley of Reno, NV; numerous nieces and nephews; and many life long friends. Published in the Contra Costa Times, Walnut Creek, California, March 1, 2004.

**Howard Gary Vermilya** (#1764) of Onaway; March 5, 2004; born November 2, 1942 to Howard Ned and Marvel (Sitza) Vermilya; married Wilma Jean Curtis on July 6, 1963 in Onaway; married Patricia Wang on May 7, 1999 in Cheboygan. Gary returned to his hometown of Onaway in the spring of 1997. He moved from Union Lake.

Mr. Vermilya retired in 1997 after working for 15 years as a Heavy Equipment Service Manager for Wayne Disposal. From 1963 until 1983 he worked as a mechanic and in management for Michigan Cat. Gary was a farmer at heart. He enjoyed his hobby farming, restoring old tractors, and was a John Deer Man. He also enjoyed deer hunting. He is survived by his wife, Pat Vermilya; children Tammy (Bill) Nethaway and Pat (Jackie) Vermilya; grandchildren Michelle and Curtis Vermilya and Kelsey Schmidt; step-children Darron Wang, Dana (Rob) Morrow, and Dustin Wang; sister Kate Adkins; brother Ned (Ruth) Vermilya; and several nieces and nephews. He was preceded in death by his wife, Jean, in September of 1996 and his parents. Visitation Sunday March 7 from 2 p.m. 4 p.m. and from 6 p.m. 9 p.m. at the Chagnon Funeral Home in Onaway. Funeral Monday March 8 at 11 a.m. at the Chagnon Funeral Home. Elder Jim Morgan officiating. Interment Hillcrest Cemetery, Onaway. Memorials to the Russell House for Boys, 3598 N. Veterans Dr., Onaway, MI 49765. Oakland Press, March 7, 2004



Winona Vermilyea a long time member of the VFA, attended several Vermilyea Reunions with her husband Dennis. Here she poses with George Vermilyer at the Oregon Reunion. Winona a talented artist, donated one of her paintings for the raffle, George was the lucky winner.

**Mrs. Winona Joy Vermilyea (#1531)** died at home with family at her side March 10, 2004, at the age of 71.

She was born Aug. 26, 1932, in Oungre, Saskatchewan, Canada, to Robert and Mabel (Armstrong) Graham, and came to the Rockaway Beach area in 1948. She was educated at Eastern Oregon State College.

In 1950, Winona and Dennis Vermilyea were married in Rockaway Beach. Winona served her community as a preschool teacher, and touched and blessed many children's lives.

She enjoyed painting, and her skills as an artist and musician were treasured by her family. Winona loved horses, swimming, and working in her garden. She is remembered as a loving wife, mother, grandmother, aunt and sister.

Winona was preceded in death by her father R.G.W. Graham, by her mother, Mabel I. Graham, and by a brother, Jimmy Graham.

Mrs. Vermilyea is survived by her husband of 53 years, Dennis Vermilyea; two sons, Dwain Vermilyea and wife Debbie and Darrell Vermilyea and wife Patty; a brother, Merl Graham; two sisters, Luvine Treharne and Shirley Magnuson; four grandchildren and five great-grandchildren; and by

numerous nieces, nephews and friends.

A memorial service was March 16 at Waud's Funeral Home in Tillamook, followed by inturnment at Bay City IOOF Cemetery, and then a potluck gathering at the Bay City Community Center.

Headlight-Herald, March 17, 2004

**Lois M. Vermilya Berger #1818.** Word has been received from Carole Borkovec that her sister Lois M. Vermilya Berger passed away on April 9, 2004 at Chicago, Illinois.

## Still Unidentified

By Sandra Vermilyea Todd

*(continued, the first part of this list was included in the last newsletter)*

*Check out the information below, if any of the names or locations sound familiar please get in touch with me. These families have been researched extensively, however their parents names are still unknown, any help would be appreciated. ~Sandra*

John Vermilya, (Parents Unknown) born about 1831 in New York State, married Elizabeth \_\_\_\_\_ who was born about 1832 in New York. Lived at Manhattan, New York. He died prior to 1920. She died after 1920. He was a grocer. They had one daughter, Mary, who married a Bragdon. It is not know if there are any living descendants.

Peter Vermilyea, (Parents Unknown) born between 1780 and 1790, married Margaret Schenck who was born about 1787 in New York, died sometime after 1860. He died between 1840 and 1850. They lived in Mamakating, Sullivan County, New York. They had seven children. It is not know if there are living descendants.

Philip Vermily (Vermilera, Parents Unknown) born about 1815 in Connecticut or New York, married November 23, 1837 at Richmond, Virginia Martha Christian who was born about 1816 in Virginia. They lived at Richmond, Henrico County, Virginia. He was a blacksmith, he and Martha were the parents of six children. No death records found, but he does not appear on census records after 1860. Living descendants, spelling surname Vermillera.

Richard Vermilyea, (Parents Unknown) born about 1809 in New York State, married Eliza \_\_\_\_\_ who was born about 1815 in New York State. Not located in the 1850 Census. Listed in the 1860 and 1870 New York Federal Census in New York City, and on the 1880 New Jersey Federal Census at Hudson, Jersey. He was a merchant and fruit dealer. In 1860 there is a Phebe Vermilyea living in his household age 71. Relationships are not listed on this census, so it is not know if this is his mother. They had at least three children.

Robert Vermilye, (Parents Unknown) and (Sarah Maginnis or McGinnis) Vermilye who around 1811 were living in London, England, the owners of the Par (or Pear) Tree, a public house located near the docks on the Thames in the east-end of London. They were married in 1810 at Shadwell, St. Paul Parrish, London, England. It is not know if they had children.

William E. Vermilyea, (Parents Unknown) born about 1818 in New York State, married Amelia \_\_\_\_\_ who was born about 1830 in New York State, died \_\_\_\_\_. They lived at New York City, New York. He was a butcher. They had three children. It is not know if there are living descendants.

William Vermilyea, (Parents Unknown) born 1822 in New York State. Married??? Served in the 5<sup>th</sup> Infantry (Duryee's Zouaves). Listed as follows: William Vermilyea, born New York, Enlisted April 25, 1861, age 39, Private, Company B. 5'8"; blue eyes, dark brown hair, dark complexion; a carman and "horse doctor". Detailed as teamster with Quartermaster Department June 24, 1861; transferred to Company F and detailed as wagoner, January 1, 1862; sick at General Hospital, Baltimore, Maryland, March 30, 1862; discharged for chronic laryngitis, not incident to service, at Baltimore, May 15, 1862. Apparently he fell ill during the 5th New York's tenure at Fort Federal Hill in Baltimore, and did not accompany the unit to the Virginia Peninsula. William would have been mustered in at NY City the regiment was recruited there, and trained at Fort Schuyler, on Throg's Neck. A William Vermilya is listed in the 1864 Baltimore City Directory as veterinary surgeon, but not located after that. Not found in Pension records.

William Vermillea, (Parents Unknown) born about 1820 in New York State, married probably second Christina \_\_\_\_\_ who was born about 1832 in Scotland. He could have also been married to Rebecca \_\_\_\_\_.

He lived at Essex, New Jersey and Cornwell, Orange County, New York, last found at age 50 living in a boarding house in New York City. He was a shoemaker by trade. He was the parent of at least five children. It is not known if there are living descendants.

William Vermilyea, (Peter and Mary Osterhout??) born August 14, 1831 in Prince Edward County, Canada married June 24, 1864 Phebe Jane (Jennie) daughter of Daniel and Charlotte (McDonald) Cunningham, born December 10, 1846 in Canada. Source Code #1 lists William Vermilyer married Jane Cunningham, July 22, 1864 at Berrien, Michigan. Biography of William H. Cunningham in the "Past and Present of Mahaska County, Iowa, by Manoah Hedge The S. J. Clarke Publishing Co. 1906" which states that his sister Phebe Jane is the widow of William Vermilyea. Phebe died April 3, 1926 in Mahaska County, Iowa, William died July 2, 1905 at his home near Lacey, Iowa. The problem with this information is that a family has already been identified in Canada as William the son of Mary Osterhout — who is supposedly married to a William Vermilyea. Peter Vermilyea and Mary Garrett's son William is also accounted for. There is a lot of confusion with these families. He does have living descendants.

William P. Vermilyea, (Parents Unknown) born about May 1839 in New York State, married Lucy I. or J. daughter of John and Lucy Showler who was born August 1840 in Michigan/Ohio. He died July 27, 1878 at Sylvania, Lucas County, Ohio, she died December 24, 1925 at Toledo, Ohio. He was a farmer living at Sylvania, Ohio until his death. No record can be found with his parents names or location of birth in New York. He does have living descendants.



***Dick Vermeil*** ..... by Sandra V. Todd

I had several inquiries after publishing the article about the different and unusual spellings of our surname about the possibility of Coach Dick Vermeil being related to us. I have researched the name, and Coach Vermeil is not a descendant of Johannes Vermelje. His great grandfather John Vermeil was born in France about 1820 and came to this country sometime prior to 1872. John Vermeil lived in San Francisco in 1880 and his oldest child; age 8, was born in California. Coach Vermeil was born October 30, 1936 in Calistoga, California, graduated from San Jose State in 1957. Information about Dick Vermeil posted at: <http://www.nfl.com/teams/coaching/KC>

**VERMILYA/E/EA/ER COOK BOOK**

By Carl Vermilyea

In conjunction with the upcoming (July 30<sup>th</sup>) VFA Reunion in Ohio, our hostess/coordinator, Darla Vermilye Young, would like to put together a "Vermilya/e/ea/er Cook Book." Whereas the primary goal is to include recipes passed down from our Vermilya/e/ea/er parents and grandparents, any recipes that are your family's favorites are most welcomed. Please send your recipes (2- to 4 would be great) to Darla as soon as possible. Her address: Darla Young, 5568 Middle Ridge, Madison, OH 44057

**LOCAL REUNIONS AND GATHERINGS**

We understand that some of you will be organizing or attending Vermilya, Vermilye, Vermilyea or Vermilyer family reunions in your local area this summer. Please don't forget that we'd like to receive information about your reunion/gathering for our historical records and this newsletter. Please send us a report of your event with the names of attendees. Pictures, too!

# Jerome Vermilyea #214 (Old #203)

New York Daily Times (1851-1857); Apr 19, 1855;  
ProQuest Historical Newspapers The New York Times,  
pg. 5.

NEW-YORK, Wednesday, April 18, 1855.

**To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:**  
SIR—A few days ago I purchased and paid for 3 lbs. of coffee at the Bowery tea and coffee store, kept by a Mr. HALSTEAD, which, on weighing with the test weights at the station-house, I found weighed just 2½ lbs.—a half a pound short. As was my plain duty, I reported it to the Mayor. At this, Mr. HALSTEAD becomes very indignant, and in yesterday's TIMES appears before the public in a long communication—not denying the fact of short weight, but full of special pleading and "highfalutin" rhetoric—showing how the *mistake might* have occurred, and indulging in some very witty imputations upon my motives, &c. As he has seen fit to seek redress in this way, he shall have it to his heart's content. Let me say, then, that since the occurrence of this affair, several respectable persons have called on me and stated that the *same mistake* had occurred with them repeatedly. I append the following note as a sample, and there are plenty of the "same sort," if he wishes them.

JEROME VERMILYEA, Policeman XIth Ward.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, April 17, 1855.

OFFICER VERMILYEA: I have seen Mr. HALSTEAD's statement in refutation of any attempt on his part or those in his employ, of serving 2½ lbs. of coffee for 3 lbs. Now let me inform you that three or four months ago I inserted in the *Sunday Courier*, an article in which I stated that I got some 6 ounces less than 3 lbs. of coffee at a corner Tea and Coffee store, but did not mention *who*, or *where* the party done business. Let me tell you now, that swindle was perpetrated on me at the corner of Bowery and Spring-st. I never bought any more there. I had been in the habit of buying all my coffee there and always got short weight. The article alluded to in the *Sunday Courier* is on file, and it can be resorted to, and my testimony can be had at any time. I am a boarding-house keeper, and Mr. HALSTEAD and his clerks know me well. I cannot now withhold my testimony if needed, for I conceive, on good grounds that I have been swindled out of pounds of coffee that I have paid for at 18 cents per lb.

G. R. LILLIBRIDGE.

For three days at No. 63 Franklin-st., near Broadway.  
Shortly I shall open a business at No. 2428th-av.—between this and the 1st of May.

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This is the substance of the text of the article.

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## OLD DYCKMAN FARMHOUSE TO BE PRESENTED TO CITY

The last remaining farmhouse on Manhattan Island will be formally presented to the city with a few days. Commissioner Stover, who will accept the gift on behalf of the Park Department, has promised to provide a permanent site for the ancient house in Isham Park, overlooking the Hudson River, in the upper part of Manhattan Island.

The house is the old Dyckman residence, which has stood for over a century on a portion of the extensive Dyckman farm, now cut up into building lots and already showing the effect of the northward trend of population by the rows of apartment houses which are rapidly wiping out all trace of the board Dyckman meadows. The curious old farmhouse presents an odd contrast today to those evidences of modern development as one catches a glimpse of it at the corner of 207th Street from the trolley cars running up Broadway. Had Broadway gone a few feet more to the west or 207th Street a bit further to the north the career of this interesting landmark which links New York with one of its earliest Dutch families would have been cut off suddenly, and there would have been no tale to tell of its presentation to the city and the preparations being made by the Daughters of the Revolution to turn the old place into a museum.

The house was built in 1784, and its appearance has undergone practically no change. It was the third Dyckman homestead, or rather farmhouse, for the old Dyckman family prided themselves on their skill as practical farmers and never assumed manorial magnificence, even in name, although they owned more acres than scores of old city families which have been credited with great land possessions.

Quaint Homestead, Last of Its Kind on Manhattan Island, Will Be Transferred to Isham Park and Turned Into a Museum.



Jan Dyckman was the ancestor of the Manhattan Island family of that name. History states that he joined his Dutch neighbors in the little settlement around the fort in 1666, when the town had just come under British rule. Perhaps that is one reason which induced Jan to get as far away as he could from the English rulers and yet remain on the Island, for less than ten years later, he was the owner of several hundred acres at the northern extremity, bordering Spuyten Duyvil.

There, for over two hundred years, the Dyckmans lived, exemplifying to the minutest detail the traditional characteristics of the Dutch in frugality, industry, simple yet generous hospitality, and the art of minding their own business. When necessity demanded they served the city as Aldermen or constables, and they were always active in furthering the best interests of the early Harlem village.

Later members of the family added to the broad acres required by the original arrival, and at one time nearly the entire tract of fertile meadowland north of Fort George hill, as far as Spuyten Duyvil, was owned by the Dyckmans. Holding their possessions intact for a longer period than their agricultural neighbors in the Bloomingdale section below them, the Dyckmans stuck to the life of the farm until the increasing population showed that flats were better for the property than cabbages or cher-

ries, both famous Dyckman productions. Over twenty years ago the first large portion of the historic Dyckman tract was sold at auction, making one of the biggest real estate auctions in the history of Manhattan property. Other portions were sold later, so that now the present members of the family own but small slices of the ancestral farm.

The first Dyckman farmhouse stood on the upper part of the tract near Spuyten Duyvil Creek. It was a small house, later replaced by a larger building bordering on the Harlem a little to the east of the present Dyckman house at Broadway and 207th Street. It was burned during the Revolution by the British, probably in retaliation for the loyalty of the Dyckmans to the American cause.

The family lost no time in restoring their damaged property. One year after the evacuation of the city by the British the present home was finished. It was built by Jacobus Dyckman, the eldest of the nine children of William Dyckman. The latter died in the house in 1787.

Jacobus was at that time the chief owner of the large estate. He served the city as Alderman in 1822, and died in 1832. One of his sons, Dr. Jacob Dyckman, who died early in life, was Health Commissioner of New York City. On the death of Jacobus the estate went to his sons, Isaac and Michael. In 1854, on the death of his brother, Isaac became the sole owner. He died in 1868. He erected a more modern home near Spuyten Duyvil many years before his death, but this has disappeared. The family burying ground stood until a few years ago within sight of the old Dyckman house. With its few neglected tombstones, it was a curious sight from Subway trains. The cutting through of new streets eliminated the last vestige of

*Continued on page 9*

*“(Editor’s note: As some of you long time members may recall, in the April-May-June 2000 edition of this newsletter, we did a story covering both Vermilyea Avenue and the Dyckman House in New York City. The above article, extracted from the “New York Times,” provides additional information about this unique home which is part of the museum system of New York City. Only one block away from Vermilyea Avenue, it is a “must see” for any descendant who visits the area. Operating hours of the Dyckman House are limited; therefore, it is suggested that you call ahead (211-304-9422) to determine when it is open.”)*

## QUESTIONABLE FAMILY YEARBOOK

By Carl Vermilyea

One of our members recently informed us that he received in the mail an advertisement/offer for a "Vermilya Family Yearbook." In rather glowing terms, the ad says the yearbook contains information about his family history, a listing of people with the same surname and other "factual information" about his family tree.

Evidently, there are two companies sending out these ads: "Halberts" and "Family News," a subsidiary of "Morphcorp." There may be others. Another title used by these companies in their offerings is: "The Year 2004 International Vermilya Family Yearbook" (of course, the surname changes to reflect the spelling you use).

From our experience, these books are basically rip-offs. The information in them is merely a download from the Social Security Death Index, telephone listings and other data that is readily available at no charge on the Internet. The family history that is included is nothing more than a generic history of genealogy which could apply to any of thousands of families. And, the book itself is put together shoddily.

We recommend that you handle these mailings as you would any junk mail – your recycle bin might be appropriate. If you have any questions about our Vermilya/e/ea/er Family, please contact Sandra Todd. Sandra has all the information that you will find in any of the books these companies offer plus a great deal more.

## TRAVELING THIS SUMMER?

Now that we are in the summer months, many of us are taking vacation trips. If you are among those, we ask that you check telephone books as you go from place to place for Vermilya, Vermilye, Vermilyea and Vermilyer listings. If you find any, please send a note (e-mail or regular mail) to Sandra Todd or Carl Vermilyea with the name and address of the person(s) you find. We'll add the names to the VFA master file.

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### *Dyckman Farmhouse*

#### *Continued from page 8*

the private cemetery, in which were buried members of the Dyckman, Nagel, Vermilyea, Davis, Odell, Post, and other families long associated with the region. The present Dyckman house is now owned by Mr. and Mrs. John H. Judge. They bought it several years ago from the purchaser of the old place at one of the Dyckman auctions. It fell into good hands, for Mr. Judge has guarded the old place from damage as jealously as if it were the home of his ancestors. The interior has not been altered, and the remains of a huge well which supplied the kitchen with water in the old days may still be seen. The well, as Mr. Judge point out, will have to be left behind in the removal.

When the picturesque tract of land now known as Isham Park was presented to the city over a year ago by Mrs. Flora Isham Taylor and Miss Flow E. Isham, several New York antiquarians who have endeavored to preserve as many of the old things of the city as possible suggested that Isham Park, the entrance to which is but two blocks from the

Dyckman farmhouse, would be an admirable place for the permanent site of the ancient home. It was recognized that with the rapid rise of apartment houses in the Dyckman tract the homestead would soon be ousted from its elevated position overlooking Broadway. When Mr. and Mrs. Judge offered to give the house, free of cose, to the city, alldificulties were removed. Mr. Judge, hoever, has stipulated that the building must be placed on a satisfactory site in Isham Park. Park Commissionart Stover has promised this, but lack of appropriations has delayed the formal dift. When the Park Department provides and prepares the site, it was leaned yesterday, the house will be moved at once and the custody of it will be handed over to the Daughters of the Revolution of the State of New York, of which Mrs. Everett Menzies Raynor of this city is Regent.

Mrs. Raynor said yesterday that the State organization was ready to appropriate \$3,000 to pay for the expenses of the removal and fitting up of the old famrhouse, but nothing can be done until Commissioner Stover prepares the site. That is the only cause of delay, as estimates have been obtained on the cost of moving thehouse and setting it properly in its new location.

When the old house, whichi is a splendid example of early Dutch architecture, formality comes into the possession of the city, it will make the fourth historic building owned by the city and used as a Revolutionary or Colonial museum. The three others are the Van Cortlandt house in Van Corlandy Park, Bronx Boroough; the Jumel, or more properly, the Morris mansion, overlooking the Harlem River on the heights above 100th Street; and the fine Rufus King home in Jamaica, the grounds of which are also park property. The Morris house is especially interesting as having been occupied by Gen. Washington.

The Dyckman house is atypical farmhouse and its type is rapidly disappearing. A few good examples still remain in some parts of Westchester County and in portions of New Jersey, notable in Bergen County.

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Continued from page 1

What was New Haarlem became Harlem (and in the 1920's "Black Harlem," the center for a renaissance of Black art and music and the birth place of jazz) and today's "Spanish Harlem" – again a vibrant area filled with families of Spanish and Latin American origins.

Three years after Montagne's arrival, a Danish capitalist, Captain Jochem Pietersen Kuyter, let the authorities know of his intention of coming to Manhattan. They offered him farm land that he subsequently occupied. He hired a ship, invited his friend, Jonas Bronck, to accompany him, stocked the vessel with fine Holstein cattle and arrived in July of 1639. Bronck settled on the opposite side of the river. As the spelling of our family name has changed over the centuries, so did Bronck's. That land was first called Bronck's Land and today is known as The Bronx.

In March of 1658, Governor Peter Stuyvesant and his Council passed an ordinance organizing the village afterwards called New Harlem. The ordinance provided for the formation of "a new Village or Settlement at the end of the Island." It granted by lot to each of the Harlem settlers full ownership of from thirty-six to forty-eight acres of farm land and from twelve to sixteen acres of meadow land, which should be protected with New York's military power, - twelve to fifteen soldiers. The ordinance further provided for an "Inferior Court of Justice" when twenty to twenty-five families should have settled in the village. They were to have "their own good, pious, orthodox Minister," a great privilege in those days; "a good wagon road to New Amsterdam"; "a Ferry and suitable Scow"; and a "cattle and horse market."

Recognizing possible advantages from becoming inhabitants of this new village, several families in New Amsterdam acted on the provisions of the ordinance and broke ground in August of 1658. Pierce writes that "Hilarity and good cheer are said to have marked the occasion, for one of those present was Johannes Verveelen, not until five years later a resident, but now acting as a tapster, regaling the company with generous portions of his New Amsterdam beer."

By the close of 1661, the village contained over "thirty residents, mostly heads of families and freeholders." The following is a list of those early pioneers – many of whom may also have ties to our families today:

Jan Sneden	Hollander	Michael Zyperus	French
Michiel Janse Muyden	Hollander	Jan La Montagne, Jr.	French
Lubbert Gerritsen	Hollander	Daniel Tourneur	French
Meyndert Coerten	Hollander	Jean Le Roy	French
Aert Pietersen Buys	Hollander	Pierre Cresson	French
Sigismundus Lucas	Hollander	Jaques Cresson	French
Jan Pietersen Slot	Dane	Philippe Casier	French
Nicholaes De Meyer	Dane	David Uzille	French
Jan Laurens Duyts	Dane	Jacques Cousseau	French
Jacob Elderts Brouwer	Dane	Philippe Presto	French
Nelis Matthyssen	Swede	Francois Le Sueur	French
Jan Cogu	Swede	Simon De Ruine	Walloon
Monis Petersen Staeck	Swede	David Du Four	Walloon
Adolph Meyer	German	Jean Gervoe	Walloon
Adam Dericksen	German	Jan De Pre	Walloon
Henrick Karstens	German	Dirk Claessen	Hollander

Our family name first appears in Pierce's history in an account of January 23, 1665 when a Reformed Dutch congregation was established. "Among those present ... were Jan La Montagne, Jr. , and Marie Vermilye, his wife; Daniel Torneur, and Jacqueline Parisis, his wife; Johannes Verveelen, and Anna Jaersvelt, his wife; Joost van Oblinus, and Martina Westin, his wife; Joodst van Oblinus, Jr., and Marie Sammis, his wife; Isaac Vermilye, and Jacomina Jacobs, his wife; Resolved Waldron, and Tanneke Nagel, his wife."

Further references to Isaac Vermilye occur on June 12, 1666 when he was appointed one of four persons as Overseers of the Village. In October of 1667, reference is made to the fact that of a herd of fifty-eight cows and other cattle be tended during the day by Knoet Mourisse Van Hoesem and that he would leave "at Isaac Vermilye's, 1 cow" at sundown. Pierce includes a map of New Haarlem in his book, showing where each settler had his lot. He refers to "Dyckman's home on lot No. 4 of Van Keulen's Hook. Next door to Dyckman's – on Van Keulen's Hook, lot No. 3 – lived the venerable and much-respected Isaac Vermilye."

There is much more to learn from reading both Pierce and Riker's books. But this may give a flavor to what life was like for our family almost 350 years ago. In time we may be able to find out what their life was like in France. But we will not have Pierce or Riker to call on. One of us will have to do it.

# MURPHY'S LAWS OF GENEALOGY

by Anonymous

1. The public ceremony in which your distinguished ancestor participated and at which the platform collapsed under him turned out to be a hanging.
2. When at last after much hard work you have evolved the mystery that you have been working on for two years, your aunt says, "I could have told you that."
3. You search ten years for your grandmother's maiden name to eventually find it on a letter in a box in the attic.
4. You never asked your father about his family when he was alive because you weren't interested in genealogy then.
5. The will you need is in the safe on board the Titanic.
6. Copies of old newspapers have holes occurring only on the surnames.
7. John, son of Thomas the immigrant whom your relatives claim as the family progenitor, died on board ship at the age of 10.
8. Your great grandfather's newspaper obituary states that he died leaving no issue of record.
9. Another genealogist has just insulted the keeper of the vital records you need.
10. The relative who had all the family photographs gave them all to her daughter who has no interest in genealogy and no inclination to share.
11. The only record you find for your great grandfather is that his property was sold at a sheriff's sale of insolvency.
12. The one document that would supply the missing link in your dead end line has been lost due to fire, flood, or war.
13. The town clerk to whom you wrote for the information sends you a long handwritten letter which is totally illegible.
14. The spelling of your European ancestor's name bears no relationship to its current spelling or pronunciation.
15. None of the pictures in your recently deceased grandmother's photo album have names written on them.
16. No one in your family tree ever did anything noteworthy, owned property, was sued or was named in a will.
17. You learn that your great aunt's executor just sold her life's collection of family genealogical materials to a flea market dealer "Somewhere in New York City."
18. Ink fades and paper deteriorates at a rate inversely proportional to the value of the data recorded.
19. The 37 volume, 16,000 page history of your county of origin isn't indexed.
20. You finally find your great grandparents' wedding record and discover that the bride's father was named John Smith.
21. The Land Book I need is the only one burned by General Tarleton when he raided Albemarle County looking for Jefferson and those other "rebels".

## VERMILYA/E/EA/ER PLACES "PLACES THAT AREN'T"

By Carl Vermilyea

VFA members have found two Vermilya Places in reference documents which upon further, on-site visits have been found not to exist. I thought it might be a good idea to mention them in our newsletter just in case other members also find these places in reference documents and want to see them for themselves - no sense wasting a trip, or time. One is in Oregon; the other in Virginia.

**OREGON**  
**VERMILYA ROAD, OREGON CITY**

In August 2003, Judith Vermilya, (#: T-1686-3), a VFA member from Portland, Oregon, reported that she had discovered a Vermilyea Road on a local map of Oregon City, Oregon. Later, she drove to and around the area where the road appeared on the map; but, was unable to find it. She said that the area had not been developed.

Based on my experience, it is possible that this Vermilya Road is reflected in the land development plans which the current, or a past, owner of the property has submitted to the city's government. If this is the case, it is possible that the road may be constructed in the future.

**VIRGINIA**  
**VERMILYA COURT, RICHMOND**

Internet maps show a Vermilya Court in Richmond, Virginia, which branches off Shannon Hill Road, a few miles south of I-64 on the west side of the city.

In 2002, Mary Jo Lee (#: T-582-I-1-a), a VFA member who lives in Richmond, went to the area but was unable to find a Vermilya Court street sign. She reported that about half way down Shannon Hill Road is a short, unnamed road extending from it into an apartment complex. There was a chain barrier across this road which prevented traffic from the apartments to enter the single-family-home, residential area of and around Shannon Hill Road. In an attempt to find a street name sign on the opposite end of the road, she drove around to the main entrance of the apartment complex. Once there, she found that none of the internal streets in the complex had names; including the one with the chain across it.

In November 2003, my wife and I visited Sandra and John Todd in North Carolina and en route home passed through Richmond. Armed with a printout of the Internet map of Richmond and the information from Mary Jo, we retraced Mary Jo's route to where Vermilya Court was suppose to be; and, of course, met with the same results: no Vermilya Court street sign anywhere in the area and the unnamed road with the chain across it extending south from Shannon Hill Road and into the apartment complex. Along the north side of Shannon Hill Road, and for several roads to the north of it, is the single- family-home development which Mary Jo mentioned. It appears to have been built in the 1950s. Along the south side of Shannon Hill Road is the apartment complex which appears to have been built about the same time.

We met an elderly couple who live a block away from Shannon Hill Road. After explaining my quest, they informed us they had lived in their home for 47 years (since 1956) and that there has never been a Vermilyea Court anywhere in area for as long as they have been there. We then drove around to the entrance of the apartment complex, which fronts on Three Chopt Road, and found its rental office. No one in the office ever heard of a Vermilya Court. One employee, who had worked there for about 12 years, told us that the complex (about twelve, two-story, apartment buildings connected by several internal roads) was developed in the 1950s on what was previously farm land and, to the best of her knowledge, the internal streets never had names. Later, we went to the local fire station to see if they might have a record; but, unfortunately, no one was there - a volunteer department.

In summary, there has been no Vermilya Court in Richmond in the vicinity of where it is shown on maps since at least the mid-1950s - perhaps never. It is possible that the developer of the apartment complex and/or single family homes in the area listed the name on construction plans which were submitted to and approved by the city circa 1950; however, to determine that would take a great deal of research in old city records.

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# THE 2004 VERMILYA/E/EA/ER FAMILY REUNION

July 31, 2004

Bill Stanton Park, 5585 Chapel Road, Madison, Ohio

You, your family and all Vermilya/e/ea/er descendants are cordially invited to the 2004 VFA Reunion at Bill Stanton Park in Madison, Ohio, on Saturday, July 31, 2004. The Park, about 35 acres, is on the shore of Lake Erie and has breathtaking views. There is a handicapped accessible Banquet Hall, which will be the primary meeting-gathering place for the reunion. For more information about the Park, go to internet site: [http://www.madisonwp.org/parks/bill\\_stanton\\_community\\_park.htm](http://www.madisonwp.org/parks/bill_stanton_community_park.htm).

Why a reunion? Bonding, networking, renewing old friendships, making new ones or just for a good time - call it what you want. Our VFA reunions have been a meeting ground for both acquaintances and strangers, all related in some near or distant way. Whereas the location and events of our past reunions have been different, at each, second and third cousins have met for the first time; shirttail cousins who live in the same general area have been able to connect their roots; and, the stories swapped by 1<sup>st</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup> cousins, and all those in between, have been priceless. Whether you come just for a day or stay overnight in the area, we are sure you will find this event an interesting and enjoyable experience. Please join us - if for no other reason than to satisfy your curiosity.

**Reunion Coordinator/Point of Contact:** The Coordinator for the reunion is Darla (Vermilye) Young. If you have questions of any kind which are not covered by the information below, please contact Darla at telephone: \_\_\_\_\_; or, e-mail her at: \_\_\_\_\_

## **Travel Directions (Getting There):**

1. For those traveling by plane, we suggest that you fly into Cleveland Hopkins Airport which is about a 50-minute drive from Madison. From the airport, make your way to Interstate Route I-90 and travel east.

2. Madison is located on Route #528. From the East, exit I-90 at the Madison exit (Route #528) and turn right (north). From the West, exit I-90 at the Madison exit and turn left. Proceed about 9/10ths of a mile to the Madison Village Park. Turn right at the traffic light, go one block and turn left at the next traffic light. You are still on Route #528. Drive 3.5 miles (traveling northerly). At the 3<sup>rd</sup> traffic light, turn left (westerly) onto Chapel Road. In about 2 miles, you will see the Park's entrance on your right.

**Lodging: (Attendees are responsible for making their own reservations.)** The primary lodging facility will be the Comfort Inn, 1860 Austinburg Road, Austinburg, Ohio, 44010; telephone: 1-440-275-2711. Austinburg is at Route #45; two exits east on I-90 from the Madison exit. Reservations can be made for July 30 and 31<sup>st</sup> 2004. Please be sure to mention you are with the Vermilyea Family Association, contact person Darla Young, so that you will receive the group rate. Rooms are \$79.00 (plus tax); two queen beds, double occupancy. For AAA members and seniors (over 60), rates are \$72.80 plus tax. If you have special needs/desires, please ask the desk clerk about various accommodations, services and rates. Rooms are being held (blocked) until July 15, 2004. After this date, the rooms will be on an "as available" basis.

## **Other (Alternate) Suggested Lodging Facilities:**

1. A **Micro Motel** is being built at the Madison exit off I-90. We have been told it might be completed this spring (no guarantees, though). As more information becomes available, we will post it at the Reunion Web site and publish it in the May newsletter.

2. **His Majesty's Tea Room**; telephone: 1-440-417-0220, on the Internet at: [www.tearoom.org](http://www.tearoom.org). This is a B&B in the center of Madison village, 1 mile from I-90: There are 5 rooms; rates run from \$95 to \$140. The internet address will take you to four sites, which will give you pictures and the information needed to make reservations.

3. **Sleep Inn & Suites**, Austinburg (close to the Comfort Inn); telephone: 1-800-SLEEPINN or 1-440-275-6800; on the internet: [www.sleepinn.com](http://www.sleepinn.com). Reservations can be made for July 30th and 31<sup>st</sup> 2004. Please be sure to mention you are with the Vermilyea Family Association. Room rates are \$75.00 (plus tax) per room; two queen beds, double occupancy. If you have special needs/desires, please ask the desk clerk.

4. **Geneva State Park**; telephone: 1-440-466-8400; internet: <http://dnr.state.oh.us/parks/parks/geneva.htm>. This Park is about 12 miles east of the Reunion location in the town of Geneva. It has cabins, an RV park, and camping sites. Also, a large, modern lodge is being built and is expected to be opened sometime this spring. Prices vary widely depending on your accommodation desires/needs.

5. **Red Roof Inn**, Willoughby; telephone: 1-800-733-7663. We have a group reservation of 10 rooms for July 30 and July 31. This hotel is right off I-90 at the Route #306 exit. Although some distance west of Madison, it might be better suited for those of you coming from the West or from the Cleveland Hopkins Airport. Anyone wishing to stay here should mention that they are with the Vermilyea Family Association Reunion and the reservation # of B053001042. The rooms are \$81.00 plus tax and are only held until June 30, 2004. Please call the above number for further details.

6. **Days Inn**, Willoughby, Ohio; telephone: 1-440-946-0500; on the Internet: [www.daysinn.com](http://www.daysinn.com) and search for Cleveland-Willoughby, Ohio. Like the Red Roof Inn, this is on Route #306 (right off I-90) and might be preferable for those traveling from the West or the Airport. Room rates are \$69.00 - \$79.00 plus tax.

**R. V. Parks:** We have received permission from Bill Stanton Park authorities for fully equipped RVs to spend Saturday night (only) in the Park. There are no hookups. There are several regular RV parks in the area. It is recommended that you make reservations ASAP as we have been advised that spaces for July are filling up fast. Two you might consider are: (1) Geneva State Park (see above); and, (2) Indian Creek Camping Resort, 4710 Lake Road E, Geneva on the Lake, Ohio; telephone: 1-440-466-8191; internet: [www.indiancreekresort.com](http://www.indiancreekresort.com). These parks and others are listed in RV guides such as Woodall's and KOA.

**Meals/Dining:**

1. Friday Evening: The Board will have its pre-reunion, Dutch-treat dinner at the Old Unionville Tavern. You are welcome to join the Board (please so indicate on your Registration Form). The Tavern, which has delicious meals for under \$20.00, is a historic building having been a stagecoach stop 150 years ago and part of the underground railroad during the civil war. The Old Unionville Tavern is located in Unionville, Ohio, on Route #84.

2. Saturday: The reunion banquet (Darla Young has planned a large, buffet meal) will be at 1:00 PM on the 31<sup>st</sup> in the Banquet Hall. That evening at 7:00 PM there will be a lighter, informal meal served. The cost for both is included in the registration fee.

3. Otherwise: A variety of restaurants are available near the Comfort Inn and at every exit on I-90. Also, there are several restaurants in Madison Village and in North Madison right on the Lake. A full list of eateries, with directions, will be mailed to you by Darla upon receipt of your registration.

**Registration:** Please register for the reunion as early as possible, but **not later than June 20<sup>th</sup>** by completing the Registration Form herewith. Registrations at-the-door can be accommodated; however, reunion mementos (see below) will not be available and late registrations will have an adverse effect on pre-ordering food.

**The Memento:** The reunion memento will be a cream colored, 50/50 (cotton/polyester) T-shirt emblazoned with the VFA logo (the VFA tree in 4 colors) and the location of the reunion. Costs and sizes are shown on the Registration Form.

**Displays and Family Records:** We will have tables set up where you can display your family memorabilia – family genealogies, scrapbooks, pictures, bibles, research books, etc. Please bring your documents and share them with everyone. Sandra (Vermilyea) Todd, our VFA Historian, and other family researchers will be in attendance and available to assist anyone with constructing their family tree, and, perhaps, finding some long-lost relatives.

**Raffle:** During the reunion there will be a raffle, the proceeds of which will help to defray the cost of the Banquet Hall. In the past, the most popular raffle items (prizes) have been donated handicraft work (such as paintings, knitted and needle point work, sculptures, home made preserves, wood crafted items, etc.) made by folks like you. Also popular are items representative of where you live. You are invited to donate items for the raffle. Please see the Registration Form.

**Tentative Agenda for the Reunion:**

30 July 2003: Early arrivals check in at lodging facility. 4:00 PM: VFA Board Meeting - location to be determined. 5:30 PM: Board Dutch-treat Dinner at the Old Unionville Tavern (see Dining, above). Evening hours: Free. (Note: The Banquet Hall will not be open to us until Saturday morning.)

31 July 2004: All events in the Park's Banquet Hall. 10:00 AM: Gather, register and socialize. 1:00 AM: Membership meeting (open to everyone). 2:00 PM: Banquet. Raffle drawing to follow. Remain in the area for fellowship and a group picture. 7:00 PM: Light supper (hotdogs, hamburgers and leftovers from the banquet). 10:00 PM: the Banquet Hall will be closed. (Note: The swimming pool is open from noon until 6:00 PM with costs of \$2.00 for adults and \$1.00 for children under 6. A lifeguard is on duty at all times. Other recreational facilities such as the children's playground, baseball/softball/soccer field, volleyball court, tennis courts etc., are free.)

1 August 2004: 9:00 AM: For Board members, a Board meeting, if necessary. For all: departure.

**For those of you wishing to spend more time in Northeast Ohio,** there are plenty of things to do and see. Madison is about 40 miles east of Cleveland where you will find the Rock-N-Roll Hall of Fame, Cleveland Browns Stadium, Cleveland Indians Jacobs Field, Great Lakes Science Museum, Art Museums, Hard Rock Café, and the infamous Flats. In Mentor, Ohio, you can visit President James Garfield's' Home. Lake and Ashtabula counties are famous for the wineries and many have fine restaurants and tours. Madison is about an hour & 20 min. drive from North Canton where the Football Hall of Fame is located. Also, about an hour way is Six Flags of Aurora, Ohio. This Six Flags bought out Sea World of Aurora and combined it with an amusement park (Geauga Lake) and added a large water park to make one huge park. Admission covers all three parks. Also, Madison is located about 2 hours from Cedar Point, which is Darla's all-time favorite amusement park!!! Golfing is also abundant in and around Madison with a number of spectacular courses. In Kirtland, Ohio, about 20 minutes from Madison, you can tour the Kirtland Temple. This is one of the first Mormon Temples established. From Kirtland, the leaders went West to find a home and settled in Utah.

# THE 2004 VERMILYA/E/EA/ER FAMILY REUNION

July 31, 2004

Bill Stanton Park, 5585 Chapel Road, Madison, Ohio

## REGISTRATION FORM

To register for the 2004 Vermilya/e/ea/er (VFA) Reunion, please complete this form and mail it along with your remittance (checks made payable to Darla Young) to:

**Darla Young**

**This form and funds must be received by June 20, 2004**, to allow preparation of the Reunion banquet, mementos, etc.

----- (tear or cut along this line) -----

I will be attending the VFA Reunion on July 31, 2004 at Bill Stanton Park in Madison, Ohio.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: Street: \_\_\_\_\_

City: \_\_\_\_\_ State: \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP: \_\_\_\_\_

E-Mail Address: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Names of family members/guests who will be attending the Reunion with me: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

### To assist in planning:

1. The number in my party who will attend the Dutch-treat evening meal at the Old Unionville Tavern on Friday evening, July 30<sup>th</sup>: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Raffle Items: I plan to bring one or more raffle items to the Reunion: Yes: \_\_\_ No: \_\_\_

### Reunion Fees:

1. Registration: This covers **two meals** (the banquet plus the evening meal plus drinks) on Saturday, July 31, 2004 and, includes \$2.00 per adult toward the rental of the Banquet Hall.

Number of adults (age 13 and over): \_\_\_\_\_ @ \$20.00 each = \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Number of children (age 5 to 12): \_\_\_\_\_ @ \$10.00 each = \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Number of children under 5: \_\_\_\_\_ (no charge).

2. T-Shirts: Cream-colored, 50/50 (cotton/polyester) shirt with Family Tree Logo in 4 colors on the front.

Number of adult sizes: XL: \_\_\_ L: \_\_\_ M: \_\_\_ S: \_\_\_ @ \$8.50 each = \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Number of adult sizes: XX: \_\_\_ XXX: \_\_\_ XXXX: \_\_\_ @ \$10.90 each = \$ \_\_\_\_\_

Number of children's sizes: L: \_\_\_ M: \_\_\_ S: \_\_\_ @ \$8.50 each = \$ \_\_\_\_\_

**TOTAL ENCLOSED: \$ \_\_\_\_\_**

I understand that I am responsible for arranging lodging for myself and my guests.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

